

Hybrid Truck Users Forum - HTUF™

A Process for Fleet and Industry



*Advanced Transportation
Technologies*

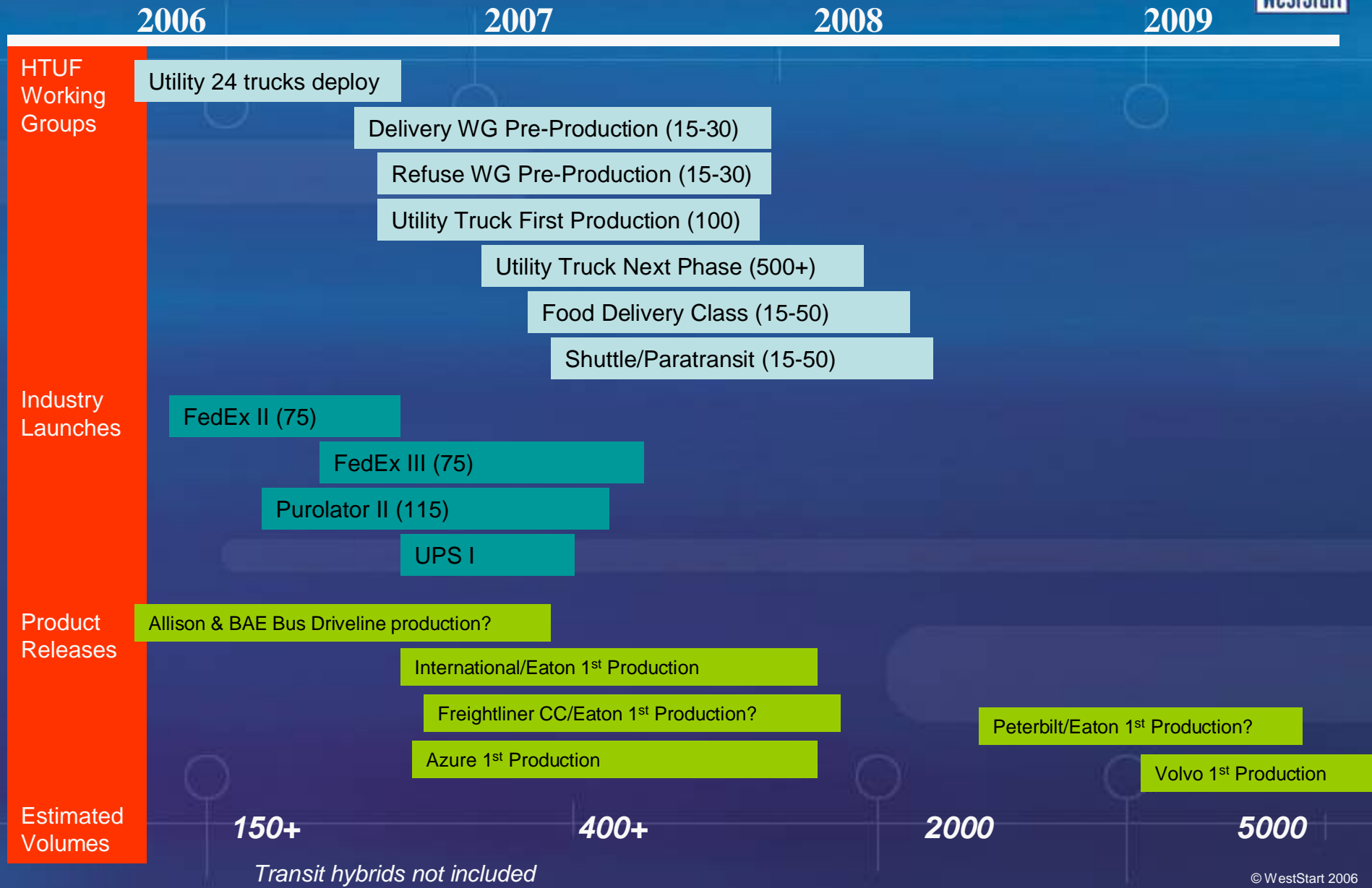
*Clean Transportation
Solutions* SM



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Senior Vice President

Michigan Clean Fleet Conference
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Hybrid Truck Introduction Timing





Agenda

- Truck World Is Changing
- HTUF Model for Change
- First Successes
- Next Steps



Truck World is Changing





HTUF National Meeting 2005

- 275+ attendees
 - One quarter fleet
- 13 med. & heavy hybrid vehicles
- 3 Working Group Meetings
- EPA hybrid testing meeting



Dana Technical
Resource Park





Recent Hybrid News

- Volvo announces hybrid heavy trucks planned for 2009 production
- FedEx adds 75 hybrid delivery vans, plans to then add 75 more; UPS commits to 50; Purolator orders 115 more Azure hybrid delivery vans
- NYC orders 500 more Daimler Chrysler (Orion/BAE) hybrid transit buses
- GM, DCX to partner on hybrids
- Transit bus hybrid order/deliveries between 1000-2000 units
- International/Eaton report 40-60% fuel reduction in hybrid utility truck
- Dana/PermoDrive partner on commercial hydraulic hybrid vehicles (refuse target)
- Eaton unveils hydraulic hybrid shuttle bus



Pre-Production & First Products

- International: ready for first commercial production of Class 5-7 hybrid electric trucks in late 2006
 - Announced at HTUF National Meeting
- Peterbilt testing hydraulic hybrid refuse truck (63,000 pound GVWR)
- Pre-production in 2006
- Azure parcel delivery and shuttle bus platforms – early production in late 2006
- Volvo Trucks announces 2009 production plans





Why Hybrids Are Gaining Traction with Fleets

- **Rising fuel costs:** Optimizing urban truck drivelines is becoming critical for fuel efficiency, emissions
- **Major engine changes** – and increased cost/complexity – coming in 2007-2010 to comply with EPA emissions requirements
- **Trend toward integrated engine/drivelines** in trucks
- **Increasing electrical power needs** in heavy vehicles and equipment
- **Idle Management** is a growing issue
- **Productivity/performance** complaints from cleaner engines



Hybrid Truck Users Forum: A Process for Commercialization





Hybrid Truck Users Forum (HTUF)



- **User-driven process** to facilitate the commercialization of medium- and heavy-duty hybrid trucks in the U.S.
- Joint WestStart-U.S. Army/NAC program
- Also supported by Hewlett Foundation
- HTUF focuses on commercializing hybrid trucks with dual-use benefits; helping speed commercialization and lower overall costs (leveraging investments)
- Army supports because wants to see commercial hybrid market to lower costs



HTUF: User-Based Program Expands

Fleet and Manufacturer Buy-in Growing

Total of over 60 North American Fleets representing nearly 1-million trucks on road participating

Selected OEM/Supplier locations shown

Selected fleet locations shown



Refuse Working Group
(City of Chicago)

Parcel Delivery Working Group
(FedEx/UPS)



Utility Working Group (FPL)

Goal for 2006: expand in targeted fleets and most promising segments

<p>•<u>Beverage Company</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Coca Cola Sacramento •Danone Waters •Perrier (Nestles Water Group) •Pepsico/Frito-Lay •Yosemite Waters 	<p>•<u>Refuse</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Waste Management •Los Angeles Dept of General Services •New York City Sanitation •Houston Sanitation
<p>•<u>Government Agency</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Canadian Army •General Services Administration •Idaho National Energy labs •San Joaquin Valley Clean Cities •United States Army •United States Army Aviation •United States Air Force 	<p>•<u>Parcel/Mail Delivery</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •FedEx Express •FedEx Ground •United Parcel Service •United States Postal Service •DHL Worldwide Express •Purolator Courier
<p>•<u>Less Than Load & Regional Delivery and Line Haul</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •American Trucking Association (TMC) •Ryder Transportation Services •Schneider National •Wal-Mart Transportation •Enterprise Truck Rental •GE Fleet Services <p>•<u>Grocery Chain</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Safeway/Vons •Kroger <p>•<u>University</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Indiana University Motor pool 	<p>•<u>Power Company/Utilities (over 25)</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Alabama Power •AEP •Baltimore Gas & Electric •Duke Energy •Electric Power Research Institute •Florida Power and Light •Illinois Power •New York Power Authority •Pacific Gas and Electric •Southern California Edison •Tennessee Valley Authority •Memphis Light Gas and Water •Georgia Power •Gulf Power •Los Angeles Dept of Water and Power •Sacramento Municipal Utility District •TXU

**HTUF
Member
Fleets
(partial list)**



Focus Area for HTUF: Top Early Hybrid Applications

"Beach Head" Markets Show Best First Promise

Class 7/8 Refuse trucks

Class 3-6 Urban delivery trucks

- package delivery
- beverage delivery

Specialty Truck Applications (Class 4-7)

- Utility "Bucket" trucks
- Telecom/cable trucks

Class 6-8 Heavy Urban delivery trucks

- regional heavy distribution (beverage, grocery, postal)



HTUF Working Groups

- **4 Working Groups of fleet truck users now operating**
 - Utility/Specialty trucks – George Survant, Florida Power & Light, lead
 - Parcel Delivery trucks – Sid Gooch, Fed Ex Express; Bob Dengler, FedEx Ground; Robert Hall, UPS – user leads
 - Refuse Truck Working Group – *User lead City of Chicago Sanitation*
 - Bus Working Group – *launched with support of Federal Transit Administration*





Market and Tech Linkages for Medium and Heavy Hybrids

Three Key Markets Work Together Through HTUF



Military

Early investment \$
Lower volumes
Toughest "spec"

HTUF identifies cross market linkages in requirements, platforms and drivelines that can increase overall volumes



Commercial Truck

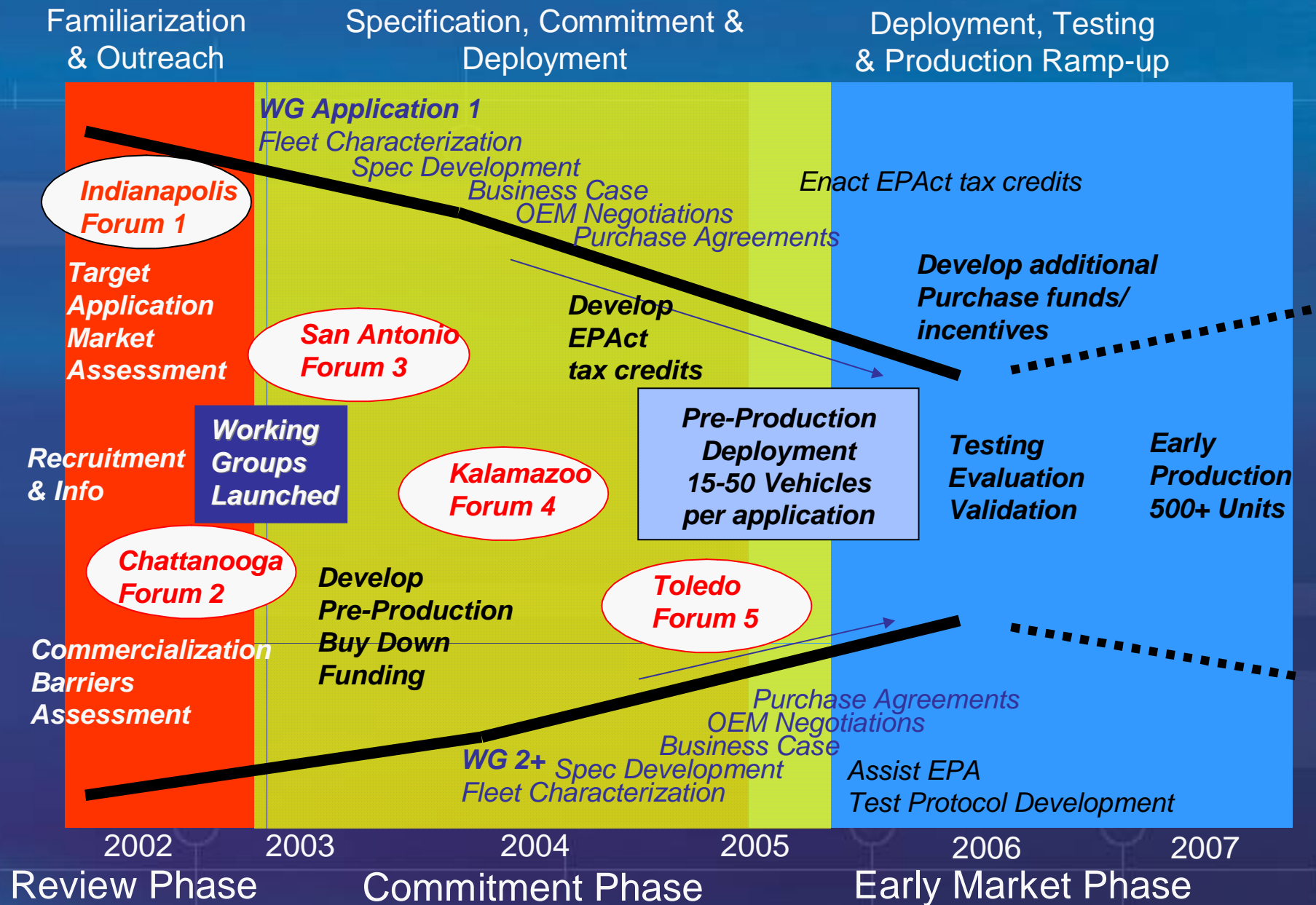
Highest volumes
Later to market
Toughest economics



Bus

First to Market
Long life cycle
Low volumes

HTUF “Commercialization Funnel”





First Successes





First HTUF Commitment: Hybrid Electric Utility Truck

**HTUF Utility Working Group Jointly Agreed
to Pre-Production Purchases**

Similar Driveline to Class 5-7 truck, FMTV, shuttle bus markets

Class 6/7

Hybrid Electric

40-60% Fuel Economy Improvement

Greatly Improved Total Emissions

Idle Reduction (shuts off at work site)

25 kW power export

Meets or exceeds driving performance requirements

24 pre-production trucks to be assessed in 14 fleets



North American Deployment & Assessment

Data Will Assist Commercial & Military Hybrid Decisions

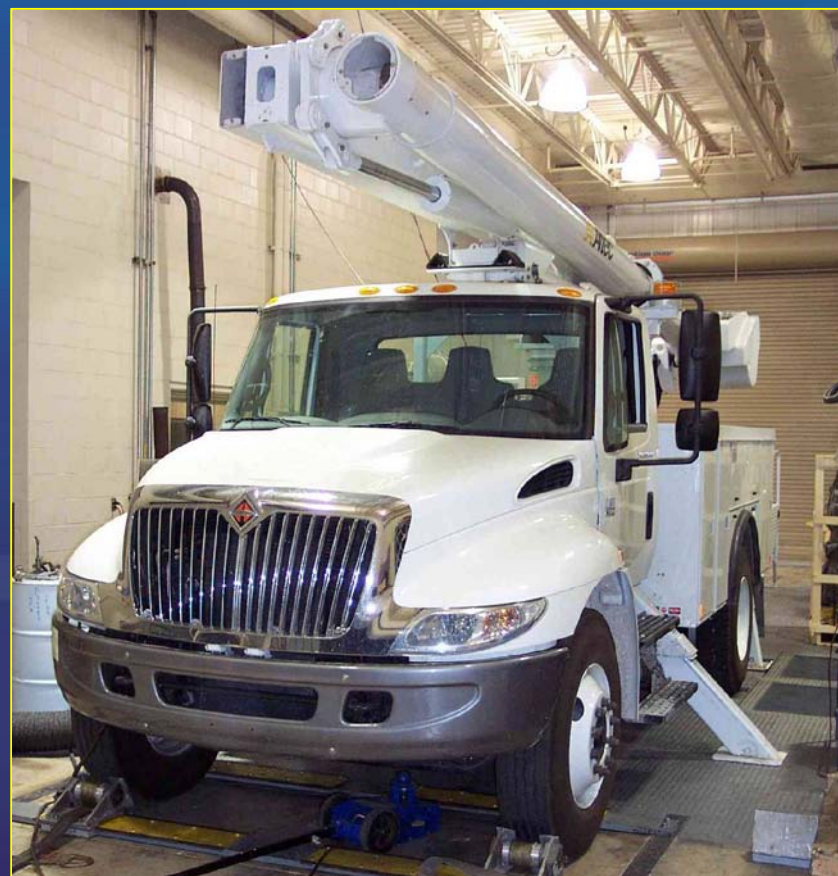


24 Truck
Deployment
Locations



Hybrid Testing Complete

- Tested the validator hybrid truck against similar baseline truck over representative utility truck duty cycles
- Baseline truck 2004 International 4300 with 215 hp engine, Allison automatic transmission
- Tested on chassis dynamometer for driving portion of duty cycle and stationary in work portion
- **Overall results are better than expected for duty cycle results**





Four Duty Cycles Tested

- Used four duty cycles (Missions) proposed by supplier team in proposal
- Represents standard use of trucks by utilities
- Mixes driving and work site operations into total duty cycle



Four “Missions”

- Mission A
 - 70 miles driving; 3 service/site calls; 1.5 hours hydraulic operation (cycle 1)
- Mission B
 - 70 miles driving; 3 service/site calls; 1.5 hours hydraulic operation (cycle 1); 1.5 hours 2 kW
- Mission C
 - 48 miles driving; 3 service/site calls; 3 hours hydraulic operation (cycle 1)
- Mission D
 - 38 miles driving; 2 service/site calls; 3 hours hydraulic operation (cycle 2)



Fuel Use by Mission

Fuel Use Reduction Over Baseline:

- Mission A – **40%** reduction in fuel use
- Mission B – **38%** reduction in fuel use
- Mission C – **58%** reduction in fuel use
- Mission D – **60%** reduction in fuel use





What Do The Results Mean?

- Trouble Truck “Duty Cycle” Model

- 3 stops @ 1 ½ hour per stop and 70 mile drive for an 8 hr. day
 - 40% consumption reduction in fuel
 - At \$2.70/gal. Predicted annual fuel savings of \$3,500

- Crew Truck (Severe) “Duty Cycle” Model

- 2 stops @ 3 hours per stop and 38 mile drive for an 8 hr. day
 - 60% consumption reduction in fuel
 - At \$2.70/gal. Predicted annual fuel savings of \$4,500



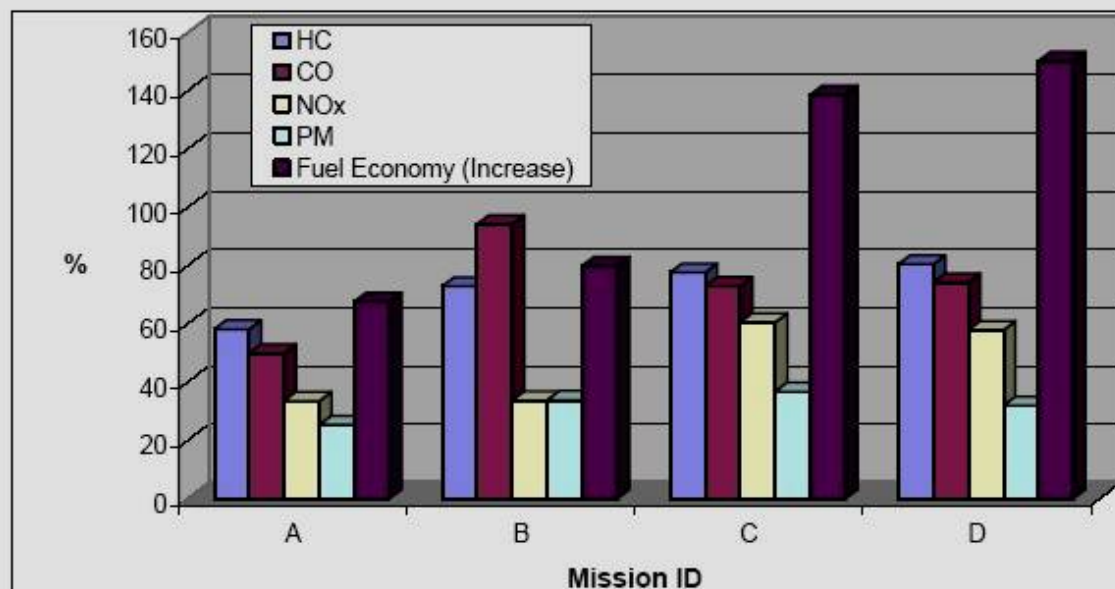
Emissions Reductions by Mission

Reductions just from hybrid system, no additional after treatment

CO2 reductions closely tracked fuel reduction percentages

TABLE 10 AND FIGURE 9. PERCENT DECREASE IN RATE OF EMISSIONS (g/hr) AND PERCENT INCREASE IN FUEL ECONOMY (mpg) OBTAINED BY USING THE HEV TRUCK COMPARED TO THE BASELINE USING FOUR EATON-SPECIFIED MISSION CYCLES

Mission Cycle ID (given in Table 8)	HC (g/mi) %	CO (g/mi) %	NOx (g/mi) %	PM (g/mi) %	Fuel (mpg) % (increase)	Miles Driven	Hours of Operation (hydraulic + electric)
A	58	50	34	25	68	70	1.5
B	73	94	34	34	80	70	4.5
C	78	73	61	37	139	48	3
D	80	74	58	32	150	38	3





Additional Working Group Activities

- **Parcel Delivery Working Group -**
Involvement from key national fleets
 - (including FedEx Ground; UPS; USPS; FedEx Express; Corporate Express; Purolator)
- Putting together business case and joint purchase RFPs for **hydraulic hybrid** in Class 4 (14,000 lb GVWR) and Class 6 (22,000 lb GVWR) – RFI on street now
- **Refuse Working Group**
- 8 major fleets to date including private and municipal players
 - (Waste Management; Onyx; Cities of New York, Houston and Chicago)
- Productivity as important as fuel econ.



Heavy Parcel Hybrid
Similar Size as FMTV,
New FTTS Platform





Bus Working Group

- Urban heavy transit hybrid bus market growing: 1000-2000 on road/in delivery
- Formed WG to assist faster growth of hybrid transit bus and supporting markets
- 15 transit properties participating; have drafted a hybrid business case for urban transit to share with policy leaders
- Expansion to shuttle and paratransit buses that use truck chassis





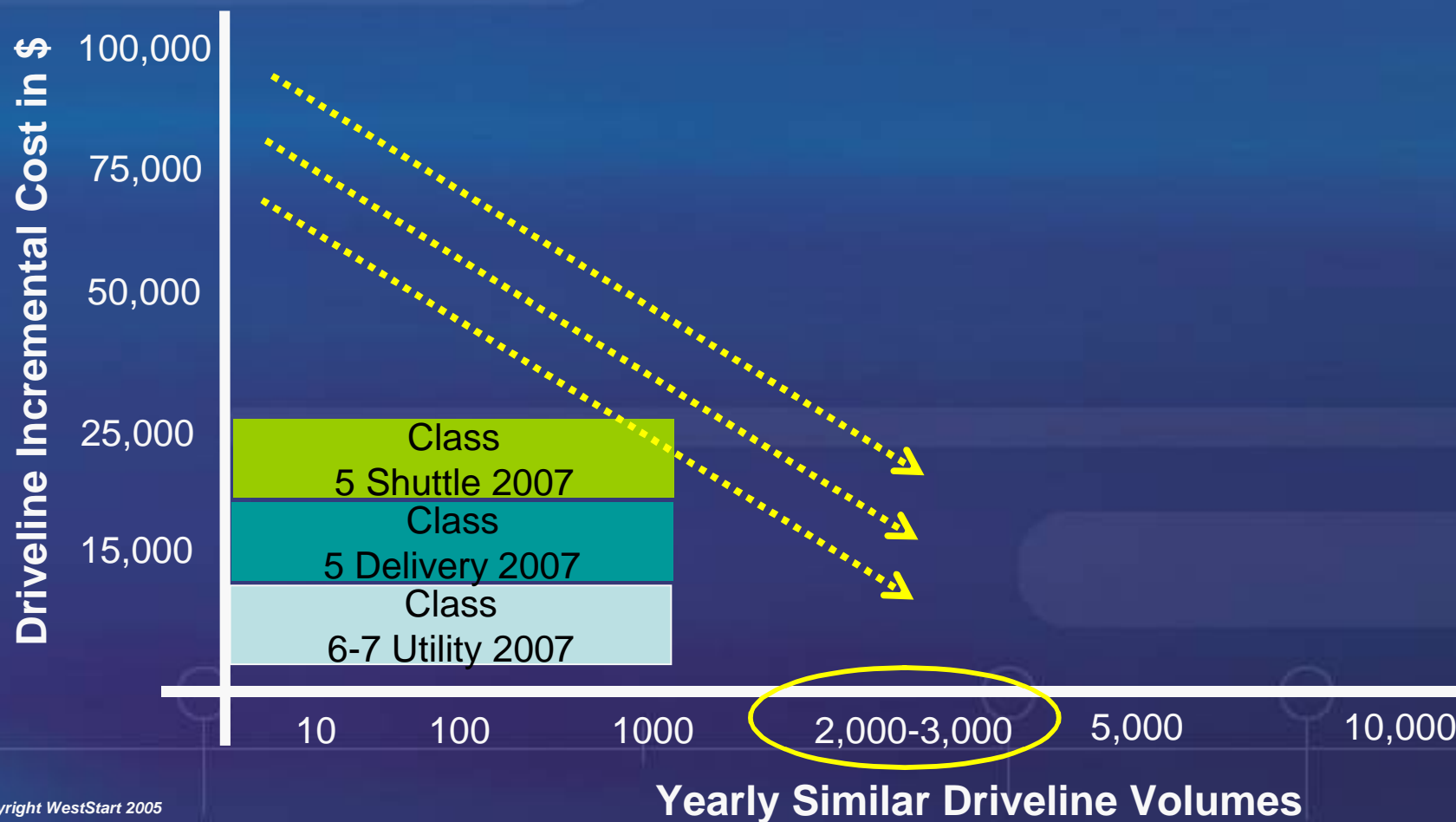
Next Steps





What's Next?

**Increase Volumes in Markets
With Similar Drivelines to Lower Costs**





Hybrid Business Case

Operational Savings

- Fuel (the higher fuel goes, the shorter the payback)
- Maintenance
- Extended engine life

Productivity Gains

- Faster Launch from Stop, More Effective Braking
- Idle Reduction – engine shut off

Emission Reductions

Incentives

- EPA Act HD hybrid incentives
- Regional/state funding grants and incentives



EPAct National HD Hybrid Tax Credits

- Credit is based on weight of vehicle and fuel efficiency gains of hybrid system
- Provides increasing credit for greater efficiency
- Limits incremental cost
- *Credit available for five years starting in 2005*

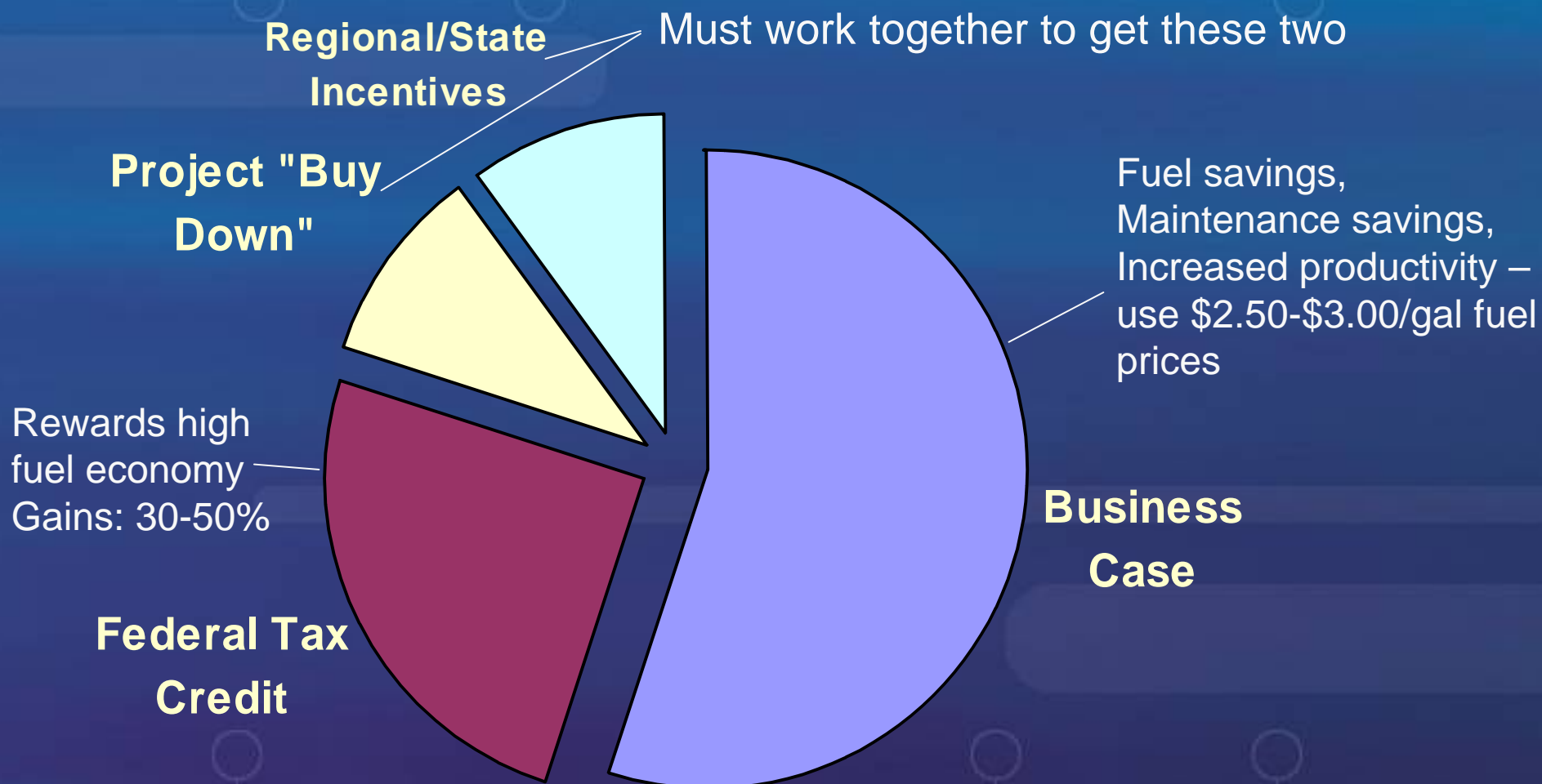


Vehicle weight	Maximum Tax Credit for 30% Fuel Economy Increase*	Maximum Tax Credit for 40% Fuel Economy Increase*	Maximum Tax Credit for 50% Fuel Economy Increase*
8,501 – 14,000 lb	\$1,500	\$2,250	\$3,000
14,001 - 26,000 lb	\$3,000	\$4,500	\$6,000
>26,000 lb	\$6,000	\$9,000	\$12,000

* based on maximum qualified incremental cost



Hybrid Incremental Cost – The “Wedges”





Hybrid Choice Criteria

Know your duty cycle (driving and work components)

- Type of driving
- Idle time, in traffic and work site

Understand your key costs

- Fuel and fuel delivery
- Maintenance

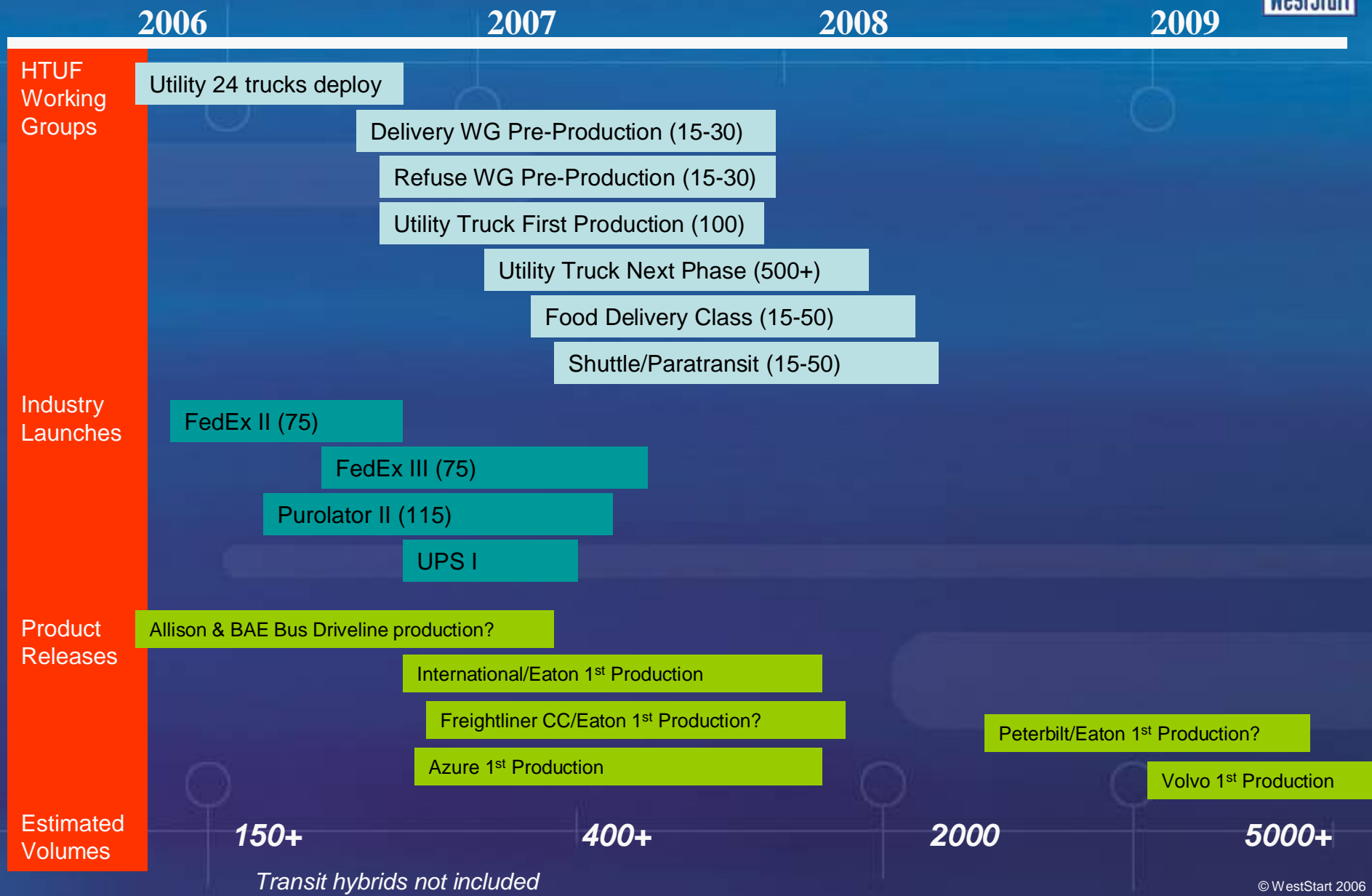
What is value of performance gains to your mission?

- More pickups per day?
- Quiet operation at work site?
- Additional emission reductions?

Payback should be looked at based on total cost of ownership, not simple payback

Leadership

Hybrid Truck Introduction Timing



Clean Transportation SolutionsSM
Advanced Transportation TechnologiesSM

www.weststart.org



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